EBMT Data Use and Processing Policy

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1. Purpose

The European Society for Blood and Marrow Transplantation (EBMT) maintains an international medical database known as the EBMT Registry. The Registry goes back to the beginning of the 1970’s and contains clinical data including aspects of the diagnosis, first line treatments, haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) or cell therapy associated procedures, complications and outcome.

This Policy regulates the management of Personal Data relating to patients reported to the EBMT Registry and provides rules and procedures which apply to all departments and individuals within the EBMT, aimed at ensuring that Patient Personal Data is processed and protected properly in all countries and regions and in accordance with the European General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

2. Scope

This Policy applies to the Processing of Patient Personal Data by any department or individual within EBMT, in all countries and regions and may extend to other entities and persons by the implementation of agreements and contracts.

3. Definitions

The following definitions of terms used in this document are drawn from Article 4 of the European Union’s General Data Protection Regulation:

**Personal Data**

Any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person who can be identified, directly or indirectly, by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier, or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, mental, economic, cultural, or social identity of that natural person. Personal Data includes a natural person's email address, telephone number, biometric information (such as fingerprint), location data, IP address, health care information, religious beliefs, Social Security number, marital status, et cetera.

**Sensitive Personal Data**

Particularly sensitive in relation to fundamental rights and freedoms, where disclosure of such data could lead to physical damage, financial loss, damage to the reputation, identity theft or fraud or discrimination etc. Sensitive personal data usually includes but not limited to personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinion, religious or philosophical belief, or trade union membership, as well as genetic data, biometric data (fingerprint) for uniquely identifying a natural person, and data concerning a natural person's health, sex life or sexual orientation.

**Pseudonymisation**

The processing of personal data in such a manner that the personal data can no longer be attributed to a specific data subject without the use of additional information, provided that such additional
information is kept separately and is subject to technical and organisational measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable natural person. Article 4 sub (5) GDPR.

Processing

An operation or set of operations which is performed on Personal Data, whether by automated means, such as collection, recording, organization, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure, transmission, dissemination, restriction, erasure, or destruction of the data.

Data Controller

The natural or legal person, public authority, agency or any other body, which alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of the Processing of Personal data.

Data Processor

Means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which processes personal data on behalf of the controller.

4. Responsibilities

The EBMT employees and any entities and persons by the implementation of agreements and contracts with EBMT are responsible for complying with this Policy.

The EBMT Unit Managers are responsible for the implementation and management of this policy by:

- Implementing procedures to make this policy operational.
- Educating staff to understand and data processing procedures.
- Ensuring data is processed in accordance with agreements in place.
- Release only anonymized, de-identified or limited datasets that are compliant with applicable laws and regulations.

5. General Principles for Processing Personal Data

The EBMT ensures that all personal data under its responsibility is processed according to the GDPR:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject;
- Collected for scientific research legitimate purposes;
- Processed adequately, relevantly and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are collected and/or further processed;
- Accurate and up to date;
- Kept for an unlimited period in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no other purpose than historical, statistical or scientific research purposes;
- Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data through technical and organisational measures.
6. Legitimate Purposes for Processing Patient Personal Data

EBMT departments or individuals may process patient Personal Data for legitimate purposes which include but not limited to:

**Clinical Research.** The EBMT Registry collects data for research and development of new and improved transplant, cell therapy and immunosuppression procedures, and to improve the quality of these procedures through the accreditation of treatment units.

**Processing operations related to reliability and safety purposes.** The Processing of patient Personal Data to comply with a legal obligation, for example: The processing of personal data in the context of safety reporting or in the context of an inspection by national competent authority, or the retention of clinical trial data in accordance with archiving obligations set up by the Clinical Trial Regulation or, as may be the case, relevant national laws, have to be considered as necessary to comply with legal obligations to which the sponsor and/or the investigator are subject to.

7. Data Collection

The EBMT works in partnership with local healthcare providers to collect data on patients undergoing bone marrow or stem cell transplantation, cell therapies, and immunosuppressive treatments for any disease. Personal data is limited to patient initials, date of birth, and gender. These items are necessary in order to ensure that data collected at different times is accurately stored in the same record. It is not used and cannot be used for identification of the individual. This process is known as pseudonymisation and is defined in the GDPR regulations. Each patient's report is given a unique and non-informative database number which is the one used for research purposes. Nobody outside the hospital where the patient is treated will be able to identify an individual from the data stored.

Following the GDPR, and to ensure the maximum accordance with the law of all EU/EEA nations, personal data of patients residing in EU member countries shall only be used for research through EBMT when appropriate informed consent is ensured. This has been common practice for many years already.

The informed consent is collected by the individual centres or donor registries submitting data to the EBMT to make certain that the respective national laws are followed. Technical and functional separation between the EBMT Registry and treating centre is key in order to protect the patient privacy rights, medical records or other sensitive patient information showing the identity of the patient are recorded in the treating centres and are not reported to EBMT.

EBMT makes patient consent a prerequisite for submitting the data and provides all necessary information about usages of the data, to ensure appropriate consent is obtained in all cases.

EBMT and the Reporting Centers are joint controllers for the Registry data. The Reporting Center determines the means and purpose of the data processing of its own data reported. However, EBMT determines how the data is processed for the purpose of the registry.
7.1. **EBMT Responsibilities**

EBMT will follow data policies and procedures regarding data collection and management, including those specific to data protection and safety, access and sharing including but not limited to:

(a) Use Personal Data only as necessary for the performance of its obligations under terms of implemented agreements

(b) Ensure that access to the Personal Data is limited to only those staff members who have a legitimate purpose to access the Personal Data and that all personnel who have access to and/or use Personal Data are obliged to keep the Personal Data confidential;

(c) Maintain complete and accurate records of any use of Personal Data it carries out to demonstrate its compliance with the Master Healthcare Data and Sample Submission Agreement;

(d) Assist Center in responding to any request from a Data Subject and in ensuring compliance with its obligations to all Data Protection regulations with respect to security, breach notifications, impact assessments and consultations with supervisory authorities or regulators;

(e) Notify Center without undue delay of becoming aware of any Personal Data breach; such notice to include all information reasonably required by Center to comply with reporting obligations under Data Protection regulations;

(f) Promptly notify Center of any communication from a Data Subject regarding the processing of their Personal Data, or any other communication (including from a regulatory authority) relating to either Party’s obligations under the Data Protection regulation in respect of the Personal Data;

(g) Employ ongoing oversight to the privacy and security obligations to ensure that internal controls are suitably designed and operating effectively to protect against reasonably foreseeable risks to the data, including, but not limited to, auditing of the privacy and security safeguards based on recognized industry best practices.

(h) Assign a qualified data protection officer, or information security official, when core use activities include large-scale genetic, ethnic or racial personal information meeting relevant requirements.

(i) Not transfer any Personal Data across international borders unless the following conditions are fulfilled:
   1. A Party has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer;
   2. The Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies; and
   3. The Party acting as Data Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred; and

(j) At the written direction of Center, inactivating Personal Data on termination or expiration of the Agreement unless such Personal Data is allowed to be maintained by applicable law.
7.2. **Centre Responsibilities**

Institutions submitting data to the EBMT are expected to comply with their country's laws and regulations governing human subjects and privacy protection, and to obtain explicit individual consent to data submission to EBMT.

8. **Use of Registry data**

The main function of the Registry is to collect pertinent and good quality clinical data. The main use of these data is clinical research, but it will also be used to support the mission of the EBMT in aspects such as the inspection, auditing and accreditation of transplant centres.

8.1. **EBMT led studies**

The EBMT registry can use all the data submitted to them. It is understood that data submitted to the EBMT can be used for research and published by the EBMT WPs as long as the existing *Guidelines for the Conduct of Registry Studies* using the EBMT Registry Database and the *Authorship guidelines for EBMT publications* are followed. Both documents are mandatory reading for any WP investigator wishing to perform a registry study. Although the EBMT Registry Office has the primary responsibility for entering, cleaning, and updating the data, the EBMT study coordinators contribute to this for specific studies.

8.2. **Centre**

Member centres use the Registry to store their own data while simultaneously making it available to the EBMT. Each EBMT member can be considered as the Controller of their data, although it is understood that the owner is the patient. The Reporting Center determines the means and purpose of the data processing without having to require permission or notify the EBMT. However, EBMT, also still determines how the data is processed for the purpose of the EBMT registry.

8.3. **Donor registries**

Donor Registries can use the Registry to store their own data while simultaneously making it available to the EBMT. Donor Registries determines the means and purpose of the data processing without having to require permission or notify the EBMT. Donor Registries have access to their own data at all times.

Donor registries may also request access to the Registry in order to follow the donors or the patients that have received donations from them. In the latter case, the centre must give permission for the Donor Registry to be able to see selected patient data.

8.4. **National registries**

National registries operating in some countries, usually under the umbrella of a medical association, have become part of the EBMT data flow by mutual consent and are using the same central database.
These national registries have implemented Data Sharing Agreements with EBMT and can use their data for their own purposes, which may encompass national requirements for registration of transplants, research, demographics, etc. Where these registries exist, the responsibility of the EBMT Registry for data entry and data quality may be partially devolved to them. Belonging to a national registry does in no way preclude the centre from exercising their rights as EBMT members, and they have as much access to the Registry staff and services as any other centre member.

8.5. Study groups

Groups of centres can set up studies and use the EBMT Registry as their database. This is made by a request that the EBMT sets up a study group and its corresponding series of permissions to access the data. Such requests must be submitted together with explicit permissions from the principal investigators of the involved centres. All centres must be members of the EBMT. A procedure document with a request form template is available for this purpose.

8.6. International research organisations

EBMT has implemented data sharing agreements with some international research organisations. Some centres that submit data to these research organisations can request the EBMT to provide access to their data to these organisations, so they do not have to do double reporting. In these cases, the EBMT can set up virtual “registries” that replicate the scope of the organisation and provide access to a data manager of this organisation to access the permitted data. Such requests must be submitted explicitly by the principal investigators of the involved centres. All centres must be members of the EBMT. A procedure document with request form is available for this purpose.

8.7. Corporate sponsors

Corporate members have the right to access the Registry database to obtain aggregate anonymised data where neither the patient nor the centre are identifiable. Sponsors cannot obtain outcome data. To safeguard centre anonymity, all countries with less than ten member centres appear under the label of “Other”.

8.8. Medical Authorisation Holders

Pharmaceutical Companies, Institution or non-profit Organizations can receive data for performing pharmacoepidemiological studies for regulatory purposes. EBMT will implement collaboration and data sharing agreements with MAH that clearly define the roles of responsibilities of each party.

EBMT is committed to data transparency with intent to share data to support the scientific community and public interest. Any agreement to data restriction will be reviewed and approved at the time of request and held to a minimum. Medical data sent in the context of EBMT research projects will be identified by the non-informative database number, and items such as date of birth, initials or the hospital UPN will not be exported.

EBMT will not sell, distribute or lease personal data to third parties unless the data subject has provided EBMT with his or her consent or it is allowed by law.

8.8.1. Primary Use of Data
Primary collection of data for a specific study (i.e. where the events of interest are collected as they occur specifically for the study with adverse event reporting obligations).

In the case of primary collection of data, contractual agreements with the MAH should be in place to clearly define the roles and responsibilities of each party for implementing requirements for individual case safety report submissions. There should be provisions described in the study protocol concerning Individual Case Safety Report (ICSR) requirements to be compliant with the EU legislation.

Individual studies for regulatory purposes within a centralised procedure, using the cellular therapy module of the EBMT registry, should be conducted under a study protocol that is approved by EBMT and agreed with regulatory authorities, before study start.

8.8.2. Secondary Use of Data

Secondary use of registry data collected routinely (i.e. where the events of interest have already occurred and have been collected for another purpose allowing aggregated analyses on the incidence of adverse events (AEs))

In the case of secondary use of registry data, Adverse events reporting to regulatory authorities/Eudravigilance is the responsibility of the treating centre, physician, or Sponsor/MAH, not EBMT.

8.9. Government agencies

Registry data may be accessed by public agencies in one of two ways:

(1) they can request direct access to data submitted by centres in their country. As with any other type of access, centres need to make the request to the Registry for their data to be accessed directly by these agencies.

(2) National registries may collaborate with public agencies providing them with data extracted from the EBMT Registry.

9. Data Privacy

EBMT is committed to guarantee the confidentiality and security of the EBMT Registry Patient Data. All EBMT employees are committed to keep confidentiality in relation to personal data to which they may have access for the performance of their job, contractual responsibility or any other kind of responsibility. EBMT employees shall not use any confidential information to which they have access under the Contract for purposes other than those set forth in the Contract, being expressly prohibited the disclosure of Personal Data.

For studies/projects, EBMT staff follow a standard procedure for creation of anonymized,seudonymized or de-identified datasets that specifies removal of all patient, donor, and center identifiers, which could lead to the identification of a patient or transplant center from data files.
EBMT will not release identifiable patient or center variables unless these data are critical to the approved study / project or will be used for linking to another data file via an established collaboration agreement.

In cases of an approved study or project or when datasets are requested from previous research, the requestor must submit a proposal to the EBMT WP that specifies the requirements for using the EBMT data before final approval of the project.

10. Data Security

Data submitted to EBMT is protected by safeguards ensuring security and stringent access control as described in its Standard Operating Procedures. The EBMT has implemented standard security practices and controls to protect data; maintains a System Security Plan of management, operational and technical controls.

Registry data is entered and maintained in a central database with Internet access. Each EBMT centre is represented in this database and users from a centre can enter, view, modify, obtain reports and download their own data once the necessary permissions have been granted by the Principal Investigator of the centre. In addition, all EBMT member centres can obtain general overviews of the complete EBMT data. The database is run and accessed through a system called ProMISe (Project Manager Internet Server) and soon will be migrated to a new platform MACRO.

10.1. ProMISe

ProMISe (Project Manager Internet Server) is a web based relational database management system for the design, maintenance and use of (clinical) data management. ProMISe provides custom made databases for scientific medical research, including an application for on-line data entry, quality checks, online questionnaires and reporting. It also provides a tool for data retrieval to facilitate statistical analysis. ProMISe can be applied for single- as well as for multi-center studies.

ProMISe is ISO/IEC 27001:2013 and NEN7510 certified; data stored within ProMISe automatically comply with the most recent requirements regarding the storage and privacy of medical data. The certificate-holder is Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC) who hosts the database in The Netherlands and is subject to the regulations of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) issued by the European Union. Only European countries that follow this regulation, regardless of whether they are members of the European Union or not can host the EBMT Registry database.

- ADM Information Security Policy Statement
- Certificaat ISO27001 (ID 5055)
- CERTIFICERING2013 (ID 1523)
- Information Access Policy Statement

10.2. MACRO

MACRO is a web based clinical data management system developed by InferMed/Elsevier. MACRO has been used for clinical data management in commercial and not-for-profit clinical research. It is widely used in European academic research units. MACRO has been designed to support the requirements of internationally recognised ICH Good Clinical Practice, FDA 21 CFR Part 11 and the EU Clinical Trials Directive. It is based on a client-server architecture and runs on Windows Operating System. Data centre is ISO 27001 Information Security Management certified. The certificate-holder is Elsevier who hosts the database in EEA and is subject to the regulations of the General Data Protection Regulation.
Protection Regulation (GDPR) issued by the European Union. Only European countries that follow this regulation, regardless of whether they are members of the European Union or not can host the EBMT Registry database.

11. Methods for Data Transfers

The EBMT works with many researchers on international collaborations across scientific or clinical institutions and so, under previously gathered patient consent and implemented collaboration and data sharing agreements between the parties. The patient pseudonymised personal data may be sent to countries outside the EEA that are provided with the same level of protection for privacy. When personal data is transferred outside the European Economic Area, special safeguards are required by the EU General Data Protection Regulation (2016/679) to ensure that the protection travels with the data. Those safeguards are listed below, and the implementation will be subject to the country and/or institution:

- The European Commission has adopted an adequacy decision on the country as providing adequate protection.
- European Commission Standard contractual clauses for data transfers between EU and non-EU countries.

EBMT will not sell, distribute or lease personnel personal information to third parties unless we have the subject’s permission or are required by law to do so.

12. Comments or questions

If you have any comments or questions about this personnel data protection statement, please send them to Data-Protection@ebmt.org

13. Reference documents

- Privacy Policy http://www.ebmt.org/privacy-policy
- EBMT Registry Function Document
- EBMT Guidelines for the Conduct of Registry Based Studies using the EBMT database