HSCT - Minimum Essential Data - A REGISTRATION - DAY 0			
Centre Identification			
EBMT Code (CIC):       Contact person:         Hospital:       Unit:       Email:			
Patient Data			
Date of this report:       First transplant for this patient?:       Yes       No         Patient following national / international study / trial:       Unknown         No       Yes: Name of study / trial       Unknown         Hospital Unique Patient Number or Code (UPN)       Unknown         Compulsory, registrations will not be accepted without this item.       All transplants performed in the same patient must be registered with the same patient identification number or code as the the patient and not to the transplant.         Initials:       (first name(s) _family name(s))         Date of birth:       Sex:       Male         yyyy - mm - dd       Cat birth)         Primary Disease Diagnosis         Date of initial diagnosis:	is belongs to		
PRIMARY DISEASE DIAGNOSIS       (CHECK THE DISEASE FOR WHICH THIS TRANSPLANT WAS PERFORMED)         Acute Leukaemia       Myeloma/Plasma cell disorder         Acute Myelogenous Leukaemia (AML)       Solid Tumour         related Precursor Neoplasms       Myelodusplastia sundramas (	sease pathic Arthritis rosis us erosis		

CIC:	Hospital UPN:	Patient UIC		HS	SCT Date:	yyyy - mm - dd
CH	<b>IRONIC LEUK</b>	AEMIAS (mair	n diseas			
	Chronic	: Lymphocytic leı	ukaemias	(CLL)		
		Disease				
Date of Initial Diagnosis						
Classification:	yyyy - mm - dd eukaemia (CLL)/small ly from a previously knov Yes : Date of origina	ymphocytic lymphoma wn CLL	yyyy - mm wn diagnosis			
	Chrom	osome Analysi	s at Dia	anosis		
Chromosome Analysis (A			L	Jnknown		
Trisomy 12 Del 13q14			Absent Absent	Present     Present	Not evaluate	
Del 11q22-23			Absent Absent	Present Present	Not evaluate	
del(17p)			Absent	Present Present	Not evaluate	
Other, specify: _			Absent	Present Present	Not evaluate	
	Mole	cular Markers	at Diagn	osis		
Molecular markers						
TP53 mutations	Absent	Present		Not Evaluated	Unknov	wn
		Treatment Pre-	HSCT			
Treatment pre-HSCT (pr	started	- mm - dd				
Regimen	Date st	arted	Date en	ded		
	<i>УУ</i>	vy - mm - dd		yyy - mm - dd		
		Status at H	SCT			
Date of this HSCT:	- mm - dd					
STATUS		Minimal residual dis	sease (MRD	) (by FACS or	PCR)	

		( )	
<ul><li>Complete remission (CR)</li><li>Partial remission (PR)</li></ul>	Negative	Positive	Not evaluated
<ul> <li>Stable disease (SD)</li> <li>Untreated Relapse</li> <li>Progression (PD)</li> <li>Never treated</li> </ul>			

CIC:		Hospital UPN:		Patier	nt UIC		H	SCT Date:	yyyy - mm - dd
				HSG	CT				,,,,,
Performa	nce score	system ι	sed 🗌 Ka	arnofsky ansky					
Score		□ 20 □ 3	o □ 40	□ 50	□ 60	□ 70	□ 80	□ 90	□ 100
Weight (kg	;):	Height (cm	):						

Comorbidity Index							
Sorror et al., Blood, 2005 Oct 15; 106(8): 2912-2919: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1895304/							
Was there any <i>clinically significa</i> preparative regimen?							
Comorbidity	Definitions	No	Yes	N/E			
Solid tumour, previously present	Treated at any time point in the patient's past history, excluding non- melanoma skin cancer Indicate type						
Informatory bowal disasso							
Infammatory bowel disease	Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis						
Rheumatologic	SLE, RA, polymyositis, mixed CTD, or polymyalgia rheumatica						
Infection	Requiring continuation of antimicrobial treatment after day 0						
Diabetes	Requiring treatment with insulin or oral hypoglycaemics but not diet alone						
Renal: moderate/severe	Serum creatinine > 2 mg/dL or >177 $\mu mol/L$ , on dialysis, or prior renal transplantation						
Hepatic: mild moderate/ severe	Chronic hepatitis, bilirubin between Upper Limit Normal (ULN) and 1.5 x the ULN, or AST/ALT between ULN and 2.5 × ULN Liver cirrhosis, bilirubin greater than 1.5 × ULN, or AST/ALT greater than 2.5 × ULN						
Arrhythmia	Atrial fibrillation or flutter, sick sinus syndrome, or ventricular arrhythmias						
Cardiac	Coronary artery disease, congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, EF ≤ 50%, or shortening fraction in children (<28%)						
Cerebrovascular disease	Transient ischemic attack or cerebrovascular accident						
Heart valve disease	Except mitral valve prolapse						
Pulmonary: moderate	DLco and/or FEV1 66-80% or dyspnoea on slight activity						
severe	DLco and/or FEV1 ≤ 65% or dyspnoea at rest or requiring oxygen						
Obesity	Patients with a body mass index > 35 kg/m2						
Peptic ulcer	Requiring treatment						
Psychiatric disturbance	Depression or anxiety requiring psychiatric consultation or treatment						

Were there any other major clinical abnormalities prior to the preparative regimen? Specify.....

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## Type of HSCT (Autologous)

Autologous			
Source of the Stem cells	Bone marrow	Peripheral blood	
(check all that apply):	Cord blood	Other:	
Graft manipulation ex-vivo other than for RBC removal	or volume reduction		
No Yes: 0	Genetic manipulation of the graft	t: 🗌 No 📄 Yes:	
IF AUTOLOGOUS, CONTINUE TO "CHRONOLOGICAL NUMBER OF HSCT"			

CIC: Hospital UPN:	Patient UIC	HSCT Date:	yyyy - mm - dd
HSCT	(Continu	ued)	
	vy - mm - dd		
If >1, type of last HSCT before this one Allo	Auto		
If >1, was last HSCT peformed at another institution?		Yes: CIC if known	
If >1, please submit an <u>Annual follow up form</u> before subsequent transplant as the date of last contact (This is so we can capture relapse data and other evential) and other evential of a planned multiple (sequential) graft protocol (           No         Yes	ents between t		
Prepara	ative Reg	imen	
Preparative (conditioning) regimen given?         No       (Usually Paed Inherited Disorders only) Go to GvHD         Yes			
<b>Drugs</b> No Yes Ur (include any active agent be it chemo, monoclonal antibody, polyclo	nknown	rotherapy atc.	

CIC:

## Specification and dose of the preparative regimen

TOTAL PRESCRIBED CUMULATIVE DOSE* as per protocol:						
DRUG (given before day 0)	DOSE	UNITS				
Ara-C (cytarabine)		mg/m2	mg/kg			
ALG, ATG (ALS/ ATS)		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Animal origin: 🗌 Horse						
🗌 Rabbit						
Other, specify						
Bleomycin		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Busulfan Oral IV Both		mg/m2	🗌 mg/kg	<ul> <li>mg x hr/L</li> <li>micromol x min/L</li> <li>mg x min/mL</li> </ul>		
BCNU		🗌 mg/m2	🗌 mg/kg			
Bexxar (radio labelled MoAB)		🗌 mCi	🗌 MBq			
		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Campath (AntiCD 52)		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Carboplatin		mg/m2	☐ mg/kg	mg x hr/L micromol x min/L mg x min/mL		
Cisplatin		🗌 mg/m2	🗌 mg/kg			
Clofarabine		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Corticosteroids		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Cyclophosphamide		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Daunorubicin		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Doxorubicin (adriamycine)		mg/m2	mg/kg			
		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Etoposide (VP16) Fludarabine		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Gemtuzumab		mg/m2	mg/kg			
		mg/m2	mg/kg			
		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Institute     Imatinib mesylate		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Melphalan		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Mitoxantrone		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Paclitaxel		mg/m2	mg/kg			
<ul> <li>Rituximab (mabthera, antiCD20)</li> </ul>		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Teniposide		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Thiotepa		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Treosulphan		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Zevalin (radiolabelled MoAB)		mCi	MBq			
Other radiolabelled MoAB		☐ mCi	MBq			
Specify						
Other MoAB, specify		mg/m2	mg/kg			
Other, specify		mg/m2	mg/kg			
		<u> </u>	6/ /6			

\*Report the total prescribed cumulative dose as per protocol. Multiply daily dose in mg/kg or mg/m<sup>2</sup> by the number of days; e.g. for Busulfan given 4mg/kg daily for 4days, total dose to report is 16mg/kg

\*\*AUC = Area under the curve

CIC:	Hospital UPN:	Patient UIC	HSCT Date:
			yyyy - mm - dd
Total Body Irradiation (TBI)	🗌 No	☐ Yes : Total prescribed radiation dose as per pro	tocolGy
		Number of fractions over	radiation days
TLI, TNI, TAI	🗌 No	Yes : Total prescribed radiation dose as per pr	otocolGy
(lymphoid, nodal, abdominal)			

Survival Status
Survival Status on date of HSCT
Alive Dead
Patient died between administration of the preparative regimen and date of HSCT
Main Cause of Death (check only one main cause):
Relapse or Progression/Persistent disease
HSCT Related Cause
Unknown
Other
<b>Contributory Cause of Death</b> (check as many as appropriate):
GVHD
Interstitial pneumonitis
Pulmonary toxicity
Infection:
bacterial
└ viral
fungal parasitic
Rejection/Poor graft function
<ul> <li>History of severe Veno occlusive disorder (VOD)</li> </ul>
Haemorrhage
Cardiac toxicity
Central nervous system (CNS) toxicity
Gastrointestinal (GI) toxicity
Skin toxicity
Renal failure
Multiple organ failure
Other, specify